

Edinburgh, Monday, March 7, 1726.

*The rest of Wye's Letter, Feb. 26.*

**T**H E Letters from Warsaw intimate, That some of the Foreign Ministers are already gone thence; and that the King had sent Orders to the Generals, for the Polish and Lithuanian Forces to join, and afterwards to be divided into 3 Bodies; one whercof to march to Ermland, the 2d to Great Poland, and the 3d to the Frontiers of Prussia.

Those from Vienna say, That on the 19th Inst. a great Council of War was held, at which all the Imperial Generals assisted, and Expresses were dispatched to the King of Spain, immediately after the Council broke up; who, 'tis said, offers, in case of a War, to pay the Armies in Italy and the Netherlands, provided the Conquests be divided betwixt him and the Emperor.

Mean time 'tis apprehended, that it will not be long before the Turks find the Way once again to Hungary; for, according to Advices from Constantinople, they breathe nothing there but War; and that the Porte (where the English Ambassador is in great Esteem) has actually resolv'd to strengthen their Forces in Europe, the better to take -----

Yesterday Orders were given for the sheathing, with the utmost Expedition; The Breda, Captain St. Loe, 70 Guns; the Rippon, Capt. Hubbard, 60 Guns; Superbe, Capt. Field, 60 Guns; Nottingham, W. Haddock, 60 Guns; Leopard, Capt. Medley, 50 Guns; Greyhound, Capt. Solegard, 22 Guns; in order to go under the Command of Vice-Admiral Hoffer to the W. Indies, which, with the Ships already there, will form a Squadron of 12 Sail. 'Tis probable we shall soon know how the rest of the Fleet, which consists of 25 Sail, will be disposed of, they being all victualled and mann'd except 3, which will not take many Days, considering the Number of Seamen expected from the several Ports, and that the Men belonging to the Homeward-bound Merchant Ships are taken out as they arrive in the Downs, or pass the Nore. Besides, divers of the Ships have already taken in their Guns which is the last Thing to be done; and then proceed to the Rendezvous at the Nore. Sir John Jennings's Health being impaired, 'tis now said the L.

Torrington will have the chief Command.

As to the Report of the Price of Guineas being raised, Sir Robert Walpole Yesterday took Occasion to acquaint the House of Commons, that the same was entirely groundless, and that there was never any such Intention. In a Committee on the Supply, resolved, That 44621 L. be granted to make good the Sufficiency of the Aid granted by an Act of the 9th of His Majesty's Reign, for raising 100,000 L. by the Tax on Papists. And this Day the Cominons referred to the Committee of Privileges, a Complaint made against several Persons for entering on the Moor or large Pool in Possession of Sidney Godolphin, Esq; in Montgomery-shire, a Member of the House.

We have an Account, That on Sunday last several Rogues, armed and with their Faces black, broke the House of Dr. Piggot in Shropshire, and robbed him to a considerable Value.

The Footmen go now armed with Pistols, to guard their Masters from Street Robberies.

Thomas Duner, Esq; is appointed Sheriff for the County of Suffolk.

*From the Flying Post, Feb. 25.*

Warsaw, Feb. 16. The Great Treasurer of the Crown, who is a hearty Man for Peace, declared t'other Day to the Senators, That he thought the Differences with the Protestants were not so great but that they might be easily accommodated, if those at Thorn might have Leave to build themselves a Church. And the Field General of the Crown was of the same Opinion. The Congress of the Senators and Ministers is now ended. The Politicians of Quality have not only voted for maintaining the Peace, but also for the Toleration of their Brethren, disapproving the Zeal of the Bishops, as tending to expose the Kingdom to great Calamities. The General Diet of Poland is to be held at Grodno in September next. The King has declared the Prince Royal his Prime Minister, particularly for the Dispatches relating to Saxony; and when the Poles have any Thing to ask of His Majesty, they apply to him before any other Minister. Since the Conclusion of the Senate, private Conferences are daily held.

held between 10 Bishops and 20 Lay Senators, to which the Ministers are not admitted.

*Petersburg, Feb. 9.* Wednesday last, as one of the Regiments of the Guards was performing their Exercise, being drawn up on the Ice over against the Czarina's Winter-palace, one of the Spectators, who was but 20 Paces from the Empress, had the Misfortune to be killed by a Musquet ball. Yesterday Her Majesty, accompanied by the whole Imperial Family, and by the Duke of Holstein, went to the Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, where the Clergy performed a solemn Service before the Tomb of the late Emperor of glorious Memory, according to the Constitution of our Church; it being just a Year since that Monarch's Death. The whole Court was that Day in deep Mourning.

*Vienna, Feb. 16.* 'Tis said that Count Staremberg is to set out in a Fortnight's Time for London, as Ambassador from the Emperor, in order to make a serious Declaration to the King and Parliament of Great Britain, relating to the present State of Affairs in Europe.

*Placenza, Feb. 9.* The Duke of Parma our sovereign is making great Preparations here, for the Reception of the Queen of Spain, Dowager to Charles II. who comes into Italy in May next, and will stay here a Fortnight, in her Way to Rome: And she is likewise to be at Reggio; the Duke of Modena is getting a fine Opera ready for her Diversion. This Princess is of the Newburg Family, and in the 60th Year of her Age.

*Dantzick, Feb. 19.* The Congress at Warsaw being over, and next Michaelmas being the Time fixed for holding a Dyet, the Senators, according to the Laws of the Kingdom, only gave their Votes in the Congress by Way of Advice to the King, what Measures to take in this present Juncture. The Republick has already authorized his Majesty to mount the Nobility on Horseback, and to march Armies when Necessity shall require. Mean Time, the Conferences and Negotiations with the Foreign Ministers are to be continued and laid before the Dyet when assembled, which has the sole Authority of approving and confirming the Resolutions. Therefore the Senators have advised the King, "To sollicite the Court of Rome to accommodate with his Majesty the Difference arisen relating to Abbeyes, which the Republick claims to be in the King's Right of Patronage. To settle the Limits of the Frontiers with the Emperor; together with the other Disputes betwixt his Imperial Majesty and Poland. To endeavour, pursuant to the Conditions of the Trea-

Treaty betwixt the late Emperor of Russia and Poland, to dispose the Czarina to restore Livonia to the Republick, and entirely to evacuate Cour-land; and to agree with the Prussian Ministers about the Execution of the amicable Offers made to Poland by his Prussian Majesty, as a Preliminary for proposing some Expedient in favour of the Protestants of Poland, and in particular those of the City of Thorn, which gave Occasion to the Engagement between the Protestant Powers, for whom they are inclined to have all Manner of Regard, but without engaging in any Interposition or Mediation, which the Republick does not think fit to accept.

*Constantinople, Feb. 28.* The Russian Minister hearing that an Envoy was come hither from the Successor of Meriweys, to negotiate with the Porte, desired and obtained an Audience of the Grand Vizier, in which he represented, "That the said Envoy cannot possibly be furnish'd with any Instructions but what must in their own Nature be prejudicial to the Interest of the Czarina, he was of Opinion, That in Regard to the Treaties betwixt the Porte and the Russians, he ought not to be admitted. To which the Grand Vizier answered, That according to the Laws of the Ottoman Empire, the Proposals of all Mussulmen, when or whencesoever they come, must be received. To this the Russian Minister replied, "That whatsoever should be treated of with the said Envoy, ought to be communicated to him, otherwise it would be an Infringement of the Treaties between the two Empires." We are assured that the Grand Vizier agreed to it.

*From the St. James's Evening-Post, Feb. 26.*

*Ancona, Feb. 15.* An handsome gentile young Man came lately to the Harbour, and bargain'd for his Passage to Dalmatia, and actually went on board; but as the Vessel was just ready to sail, the Master suspecting him to be a Forger of Bills of Exchange, because he had offer'd such a large Sum for his Passage, and to hasten out to Sea, was once going to lay an Embargo upon him, and send him to Prison. But being overcome by the Passengers earnest Intreaty, he set out with such bad Weather, that the Ship was obliged in a few Hours to return into Port, and had scarce cast Anchor, when the young Man was actually put under an Arrest, who fearing to be committed to Prison, frankly owned, that he was a Son of Prince Ragotski, that he had made his Escape from Naples, to which the Emperor had sent

sent him for his Education, so that they ought to be cautious of insulting him. This being attested by the Nephew of Cardinal Rusi, who knew him, the young Prince was permitted to retire to Rome; but having been too cunning for his Guards, he gave them the Slip, returned on Board again, and set out soon after to find the Prince his Father. This News will certainly make a great Noise at Vienna.

*London, March 26.* We hear there will be Detachments out of all the Regiments of Foot in England, with a Captain, Lieutenant and Ensign to every 60 Men, to serve on board the Fleet in the Room of Marines.

They write from Brussels, March 4; That a Cart with 25000 French Pistoles was brought in there that had been seized in a Wood near Mons, as having no Passport; and that 'twas thought the Council of Finances would confiscate the Money; in the mean time the French Ambassador has reclaim'd it.

*Wye's Letter verbatim, London, March 1.*

**Y**esterday S. S. Stock was 103, and S. S. Annuities 98 per Cent. the Cause of which seems partly to proceed from the Notion that is instilled into the Minds of the Credulous by ill affected Persons, of a diffidency of a certain Potentate with Respect to his late Engagement; they would insinuate two Circumstances as Matter of great Surprize, one of which is, the Emperor's releasing the French Officer, who was arrested in the Austrian Netherlands, for raising Men without Leave; the other is, the Court of France sending Orders to the Intendant of Dunkirk to set at Liberty Capt. Wolf, who had been arrested there for engaging in the Service of the Ostend Company.

We are impatient to know what Methods will be taken to prevent the pernicious Practice of Stock-jobbing, for which there never was greater Occasion than at present.

There is a Talk that some great Persons have slept aside, having been seduced by the Jobbers in the Alley.

We have the good News, that the King and Kingdom of Sweden, have acceded to the Treaty of Hanover, which, 'tis hoped will be confirmed with Respect to their Accession to all the Parts of the said Treaty.

On Sunday the 20th past, William Blewet, Emanuel Dickson, and Thomas Berny, concerned in the Murder of Mr. Bail, at his House in Southwark, were seized at Rotterdam, and very well secured there, in order to be sent over to England.

On Saturday Night last, the Honourable Mr. Finch Brother to the Earl of Nottingham, died of an Apoplectick Fit, at his Chambers in the Temple, where by a Course of Illness, he had been confined near 20 Years: 'Tis said that being in the Agony of Death, and near the Fire, he happened, to fall forward, and was very much scorched, before any Servants could come to his Assistance.

Last Sunday in the Afternoon, a Duel was fought in Hide-Park, betwixt Mr. Branthwaite an Attorney of the Temple, and Mr. Bargegrave a North-folk Gentleman, wherein the former was killed on the Spot, having received a Wound at the Left Pap which penetrated his Heart, when he was found 2 Pistols lay by him, and both of them discharged, the latter made instantly to the Gate, and got off in a Hackney Coach; but 'tis thought he'll surrender himself and take his Trial; they were both Relations, and 'tis said the Cause of the Quarrel was about Law Concerns.

A Messengers gone to bring Blewet and the two notorious Villains.

One Newport Man and two Dragoons, were the Persons that robbed Dr. Pigget in Shropshire, the former has confessed, and is committed to Shrewsbury Goal, but the others are run away.

Yesterday the Commons in a Committee on Ways and Means resolved, That the Duty on Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry be continued for another Year. Read 2 Petitions from Scotland, praying to be eased with Respect to the Malt Tax, and ordered them to ly on the Table. The Committee to whom the Petition of the Gentlemen of the Counties of Eiddlesex, Surrey and Suffex for building a Bridge over the Thames was referred, came to a Resolution for building one from Fulham to Putney. The Call of the House is deferred to Thursday Fortnight.

A Holland Mail is just arrived. The Letters from Vienna tell us, that the King of Great Britain's Speech to his Parliament was published there, and was a Matter of Consideration; however, they make no Mention of Count Staremberg's setting out for London, as the Emperor's Ambassador, but that on the other Hand, the English, French, and Prussian Ministers, were to go from thence in a Months Time: 'Tis said that the English Ambassador, was heard in a certain Place, to make Use of some Emphatical Expressions; and 'twas reported, that 8000 Men of the Troops of Palatine and Wartsburch, are to march to the Austrian Netherlands.

lands, and to be paid by the King of Spain, who has ordered, that all the Regiments of his Troops do Consist of 2000 Men each. Mean Time we are told from Munich, that on the 26th past died the Elector of Bavaria.

The French are for raising their Militia to 60,000 Men.

The S. S. Company have offered 50 L. Reward for apprehending one Samuel Weatherhead, for defrauding them of considerable Sums, by Means of a forged Letter of Attorney.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

¶ Whereas there has been a malicious and inventive Report spread abroad for some Weeks past: "That James Wat, Brewer in Orchardfield, alias Livingston's Yards, had got 2500 l. sterl. or thereby, and a Gold Watch, from James late Lord Ogilvie in the Year 1715, for which there should have been a Receipt or Obligation granted; and that Diligence being us'd for the same, he was obliged to betake himself to the Abber." All which is most false and injurious, as will appear by a Letter from the said James late Lord Ogilvie to the said James Wat, now in his Hands, a Copy whereof is subjoined: And therefore, that such malicious Practices may be detested, and the Authors punished according to Law, the said James Wat promises a Reward of Ten Guineas to any who shall discover the Authors of this Report, so as they, or any of them, may be convicted thereof.

Follows the Letter from the said James late Lord Ogilvie, to the above James Wat.

*Drumhills, 2d March, 1726.*

"I had yours of the 28th of February last: And in Answer thereto, I must own, That I did never see you in the Face, or know you by another Man, or had any Dealings with you: Nor did I ever intrust you with the Sum of 2500 l. sterl. as is falsely reported, or any Sum less or more, Gold Watch, or any Goods whatsoever, either by Write or without it. And I do think, such Misreports are injurious Reflections against me, as well as designed against your Credit: And if you can be informed of the Authors, I think you should prosecute them as Law allows. And for your further Justification, I allow you to publish this in the Prints. I am, Sir, your most humble Servant.

J. A. OGILVIE.

Directed thus, To James Wat, Brewer in Orchardfield near the West-Port of Edinburgh, otherwise called Livingston's Yards.

\* \* \* The Roup of Bailie Fife's Houses, &c. is TOMORROW, being Tuesday the 8th Instant, 'twixt 2 & 4 after Noon, in the Parliament-house, and to be set up at Nine Years Purchase, as advertised Twenty Days ago.

GEO. LIVINGSTON, Clerk.

\* \* \* That the Good Ship named *The Grisel of Leith*, John Parish Master, Fifty Tons Burden or thereby, British built, is to be exposed to Sale, by way of publick voluntary Roup, upon the Fifteenth Day of March Inst. betwixt the Hours of

2 & 4 after Noon, in the Dwelling-house of John Fenton Vintner in Leith; where the Inventory and Conditions of Roup may be seen, as also at Brody's Coffee-house in Leith.

\* \* \* That there is a fine House of Three Storeys high, each Storey consisting of four Fire-rooms with Closets, all well finished, besides the Garrets completed; whereof three are Fire-rooms, making in all Fifteen Fire-rooms; with a Garden, Bowling-green, and several other Conveniencies, adjacent thereto, all lying at the Potter-row Port, with 4 Acres of arable Land: To be Sett, either in Whole or in Parts. The Entry to be immediately, or at Whitunday. Enquire at the Author of this Paper, or at the Laigh Coffee-house, about the Conditions. N. B. There is a Stable and Coach-house contiguous.

\* \* \* That the Paper-Mill of Pennycook, Office houses, and hail Pertinents, Instruments for making Paper, with an Acre of Ground presently in the Tacksmens Possession, with 4 Acres of Ground or thereby sublett, and posselt by Robert Wilson, Tenant of the Corn-mill there, and others thereto belonging; lying on the Water of Esk, in the Parish of Pennycook and Sheriffdom of Edinburgh, formerly belonging to the deceased Mrs. Anderson, her late Majesty's Printer, now to her Representatives: Are to be sett in Tack for the Space of an Year and an half after Whitunday 1726, and 18 or 19 Years thereafter, by way of publick Roup, by virtue of the Lords of Council and Session their special Act and Warrant for that Effect, upon Thursday the 17th of March Inst. betwixt the Hours of 3 & 4 in the Afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh. The principal Tack, Conveyance thereof, Act and Warrant of the said Lords, and Conditions of Roup, are all to be seen in the Hands of Thomas Gibson, one of the Under-clerks of Session, or in the Hands of James Johnston Writer in Edinburgh, to be found at the Laigh Coffee-house, or his Chamber in the Castlehill. N. B. The Purchaser may be free of the Lands contained in the Tack, if he pleases; and there are several Privileges in the Tack very beneficial to the Purchaser.

\* \* \* That the Lands of RATTRAY, lying in the Sheriffdom of Aberdeen and Parish of Crimond, together with an heritable Right on the present sequestered Estate of Crimon-Mogat, lying in the said Sheriffdom of Aberdeen and Parish of Loanmay; together also with another heritable Right on the Town and Lands of Earenhill, lying within the said Sheriffdom and Parish of Logie; all pertaining to William Lesly of Melrofs: Are to be exposed to Sale by way of publick Roup, to be held upon the Ground of the said Lands of Rattray, upon the 26th Day of April next, 'twixt the Hours of 12 & 6 after Noon. The Articles of Roup, with the Rights to these Lands, and heritable Subjects, are to be seen in the Hands of William Baird of Auchmedden, at the House of Auchmedden, 8 Miles East from the Town of Banff. N. B. The Purchase of these Lands, &c. will be most serviceable to any who has a mind to buy the Estate of Crimon-Mogat, and keep them easy as to the purchasing in the other Debts. Also the Purchaser will immediately be put in peaceable Possession of Rattray, which is a good convenient Place, near the Sea, with a Fishing, and in a good Country.